



PATIENT

Sky Vanatta

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Belgian Tervuren

SEX

Female

AGE

2 years

WEIGHT

50lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Maggie Machen Lamy,
DVM, DACVIM
(Cardiology)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Potomac Mobile
Veterinary Ultrasound

HOSPITAL NAME

Tally Oaks Veterinary
Service

REFERRING VET

Dr. Jarrett

INVOICE

30303

DATE

4/18/23

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: Recheck echo. Grade 3/6 heart murmur. Sedated with Torb.
-Pertinent previous echo findings (6/2021 Cornell University; 3 months old at the time): Mild PS, PV max: 2.8, mild RVH, remainder NSF.

ECHOCARDIOGRAM FINDINGS

2D, m-mode, color flow and doppler imaging is available. Normal mitral valve leaflets with no obvious prolapse into the left atrial lumen. Trace mitral regurgitation. Normal left atrial dimension. Normal LV diameter with normal myocardial function. The LV wall is normal. The tricuspid valve appears normal with trace tricuspid regurgitation present. Mild right atrial dilation. Mild right ventricular hypertrophy and remodeling indicative of pressure overload. Mild right ventricular dilation. Moderate elevation of pulmonic outflow velocities at the level of the valve. The PV leaflets are fused with decreased excursion. Mild post-stenotic dilation of the main pulmonary artery. Mild pulmonic insufficiency. The aortic valve appears to have normal morphology and mobility. No AI. No obvious cardiac shunts are visualized. No pericardial or pleural effusion noted.

CARDIAC CHART

CANINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	MR VMAX (m/s)	TR VMAX (m/s)	LA/AO (Boon method)	LA/AO (Heart Base; Swe)	FS (%)	EF (%)	EPSS (cm)
NORMAL PARAMETER	4.5-5.5	<2.7	1.3	<1.6	28-40	40-100	<0.6
PATIENT	NM	NM	NM	1.3	34	64	0.3
CANINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	HR (BPM)	AV VMAX (m/s)	PV MAX (m/s)	BODY WEIGHT (kg)	LA 2D short axis Base view (cm)	LVIDd Avg; 2D and m-mode short axis (cm)	LVIDs Avg; 2D and m-mode short axis (cm)
NORMAL PARAMETER	50-100	0.7-1.7	0.7-1.6	BELOW	BELOW	BELOW	BELOW
PATIENT	NM	1.7	4.0	22.7	2.4	2.9	1.9
*Normal chamber parameters expressed as a mean value (SD)				3	1.27 (5.3)	2.46 (2.46)	1.36 (5.5)
BODY WEIGHT DEPENDENT PARAMETERS				5	1.40 (4.5)	2.74 (5.2)	1.60 (4.7)
<i>*Note: All measurements based upon multi-modal images and methods. An average value is reported.</i>				10	1.50 (3.8)	3.27 (3.5)	2.06 (3.1)
				15	1.83 (2.0)	3.71 (2.4)	2.43 (2.1)
				20	2.02 (1.9)	4.14 (2.2)	2.80 (2.0)
				25	2.18 (2.4)	4.48 (2.9)	3.10 (2.5)
				30	2.33 (3.3)	4.83 (3.9)	3.39 (3.4)
				35	2.48 (4.3)	5.17 (5.0)	3.69 (4.5)
				40	2.62 (5.2)	5.48 (6.1)	3.96 (5.4)
				50	2.88 (7.1)	6.07 (8.3)	4.46 (7.4)

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Pulmonic stenosis persists with evidence of progression. The previous evaluation showed mild disease; however, the puppy was only 3 months at the time. Outflow tract obstructions can worsen up to a year of age, which is likely the case here. What is seen here is moderate based upon the degree of obstruction and secondary right heart changes. Trace mitral and tricuspid regurgitation are hemodynamically insignificant; however, monitoring is recommended. No additional issues are identified.



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Moderate PS cases fall within a grey zone. There are many patients that will not experience clinical signs (syncope, right-sided congestive heart failure) throughout their lifetime; however, risk for progression to clinical signs will always remain. Should symptoms develop, a diagnostic angiogram and potentially balloon valvuloplasty can be considered, although this is considered unlikely given what is seen here in a 2-year-old dog. No medications are warranted at this time.

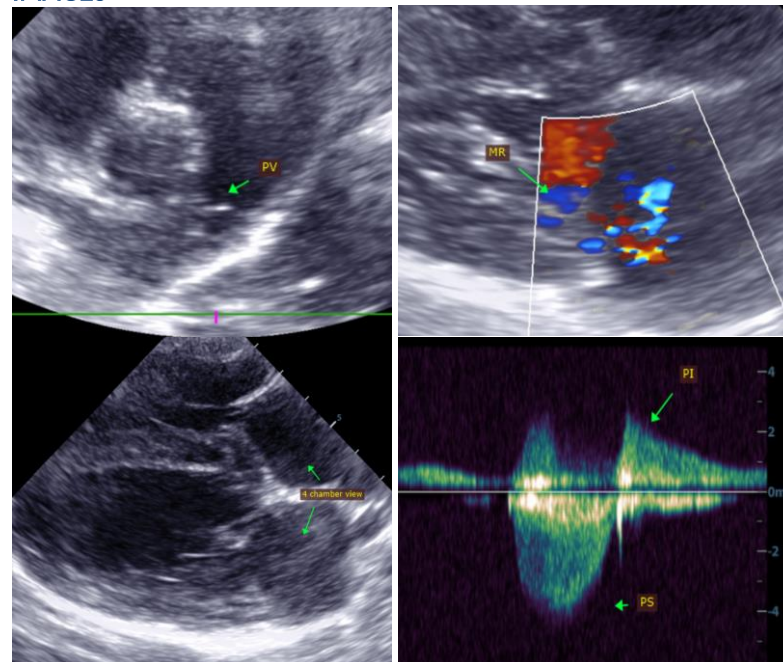
Monitor for development of associated clinical signs (collapse, abdominal distention, cough, labored breathing). Mild exercise restriction is advised. Omega fatty acid supplementation may have some long-term benefit, given these cases are predisposed to development of arrhythmias going forward.

Anesthetic risk is mild to moderate at this time. Avoid heart rate stimulating drugs such as atropine or glycopyrrolate unless absolutely necessary. Avoid vasodilators such as acepromazine. Mild IV fluid restriction is advised. Cardiac protective drug choices (opioid/benzodiazepine premedication, propofol or alfaxalone induction, isoflurane gas) are recommended. Pre-oxygenate for 5-10 minutes prior to induction and recover in O₂ if possible. Monitor for arrhythmias, hypotension, and hypoxia both intra and post-operatively and intervene as necessary.

Plan:

If syncope or exercise intolerance develop, consider referral as discussed. Otherwise recommend a recheck echocardiogram annually, sooner if clinical signs arise.

IMAGES



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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

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Thank you for this referral. This report was generated using transcription software, and minor dictation errors may be present. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

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Diplomate of the American College of Veterinary Internal Medicine (Cardiology)
info@sonopath.com

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